



भारत का राजपत्र

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No. 41] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1995 (ASVINA 22, 1917)

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके
[Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation]

भाग III—खण्ड 2 [PART III—SECTION 2]

पेटेंट कार्यालय द्वारा जारी की गई पेटेंटों और डिजाइनों से सम्बन्धित अधिसूचनाएँ और नोटिस
[Notifications and Notices Issued by the Patent Office relating to Patents and Designs]

THE PATENT OFFICE
PATENTS AND DESIGNS

Calcutta, the 14th October 1995

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Estates, IIIrd Floor, Lower
Parcel (West), Bombay-400 013.

The States of Gujarat, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh and the Union Territories of Goa, Daman and Diu and Dadra and Nagar Haveli.

Telegraphic address "PATOFFICE".

Patent Office Branch,
Unit No. 401 to 405, IIIrd Floor,
Municipal Market Building,
Saraswati Marg, Karol Bagh,
New Delhi-110 005.

The States of Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu and Kashmir, Punjab, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh and the Union Territories of Chandigarh and Delhi.

Telegraphic address "PATENTOFIC".

1-287 GI/95

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61, Wallajah Road,
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The States of Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Tamilnadu, and the Union Territories of Pondicherry, Laccadive, Minicoy and Aminidivi Islands.

Telegraphic address "PATENTOFIS".

Patent Office (Head Office),
"NIZAM PALACE", 2nd M. S. O.
Building, 5th, 6th and 7th
Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish
Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020.

Rest of India.

Telegraphic address "PATENTS".

All applications notices, statements or other documents or any fees required by the Patents Act, 1970 or the Patents Rules, 1972 will be received only at the appropriate Offices of the Patent Office.

Fees :—The fees may either be paid in cash or may be sent by Money Order payable to the Controller at the appropriate Offices or by bank draft or cheque payable to the Controller drawn on a scheduled bank at the place where the appropriate office is situated.

(843)

पेटेंट कार्यालय

एकस्य तथा अभिकल्प

कलकत्ता, दिनांक 14 अक्टूबर, 1995

पेटेंट कार्यालय के कार्यालयों के पते एवं क्षेत्राधिकार

पेटेंट कार्यालय का प्रधान कार्यालय कलकत्ते में अवस्थित है तथा बम्बई, दिल्ली एवं मद्रास में इसके शाखा कार्यालय हैं, जिनकी प्रादेशिक क्षेत्राधिकार जोन के आधार पर निम्न रूप में पदक्षिप्त हैं :—

पेटेंट कार्यालय शाखा, टांडी इस्टेट,
तीसरा तल, लोअर परले (पश्चिम),
बम्बई-400013 ।

गुजरात, महाराष्ट्र तथा मध्य प्रदेश राज्य
क्षेत्र एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र गोआ, दमन तथा
दीव एवं दायरा अंगर नगर हवेली ।

तार पता—“पेटेंटोफिस”

पेटेंट कार्यालय शाखा,
ब्लक सं 401 से 405, तीसरा तल,
कार्पोराल बाजार भवन,
मरस्वली मार्ग, करोल बाग,
नई दिल्ली-110005 ।

गंगा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, जम्मू तथा कश्मीर,
पंजाब, राजस्थान तथा उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य क्षेत्रों
एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र चंडीगढ़ तथा दिल्ली ।

तार पता—“पेटेंटोफिक”

पेटेंट कार्यालय शाखा,
61, बालाजाह रोड,
मद्रास-600002 ।

आन्ध्र प्रदेश, कर्नाटक, कोरल, तमिलनाडु राज्य
क्षेत्र एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र पाण्डिचेरी, लक्षद्वीप,
मिनिकाय तथा एमिनिदिवि द्वीप ।

तार पता—“पेटेंटोफिस”

पेटेंट कार्यालय (प्रधान कार्यालय),
निजाम पैलेस, द्वितीय बहुतलीय कार्यालय
भवन 5, 6 तथा 7वां तल,
234/4, आचार्य जगदीश बोस रोड,
कलकत्ता-700020 ।

भारत का अवशेष क्षेत्र ।

तार पता—“पेटेंट्स”

पेटेंट अधिनियम, 1970 या पेटेंट नियम, 1972 में अपेक्षित सभी आवेदन-पत्र, सूचनाएं, निवेदन या अन्य प्रलेख पेटेंट कार्यालय के केवल उपयुक्त कार्यालय में ही प्राप्त किए जाएंगे ।

शब्दक :—शब्दों की अदायगी या तो नकल की जाएगी अथवा उपयुक्त कार्यालय में नियंत्रक को भगवान योग्य धनावेश अथवा डाक आदेश या जहां उपयुक्त कार्यालय अवस्थित है; उक्त स्थान को अनुमोचित बैंक से नियंत्रक को भगवान योग्य बैंक डाफ्ट अथवा बैंक द्वारा की जा सकती है ।

CORRIGENDUM

Under the heading “PATENT SEALED” in the Gazette of India, Part-III, Sec-2, dated 05-05-95 to be notified on 03-06-95, delete the Patent application no. 174330 (996/Del/89) as the opposition proceeding is pending.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT FIELD AT THE HEAD OFFICE 234/4, ACHARYA JAGADISH BOSE ROAD CALCUTTA-20.

The dates shown in the crecent bracket are the date claimed under section 135, of the Patent Act, 1970.

31-07-1995.

879/Cal/95. Daewoo Electronics Co., Ltd. Improved method and apparatus for Post-Processing decoded image data.

880/Cal/95. Thomson Consumer Electronics, Inc., Method of manufacturing a screen assembly having a planarizing layer. (Convention No. 08/297, 741 filed on 30/8/94; in U. S. A.).

881/Cal/95. Kimberly-Clark Corporation. Temporary marking, ultraviolet radiation detection, and printing, all using photo-Rasable colorants.

882/Cal/95. Fine organics Ltd. Preparation of thioamides. (Convention No. 9416364; on 12/8/94; in U. K.).

883/Cal/95. Indian Institute of Technology of Kharagpur. A process for the preparation of Magnesium Aluminate Powders.

884/Cal/95. Indian Institute of Technology of Kharagpur. A process for the preparation of submicron sized ceramic powders.

885/Cal/95. Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc. A Circuit Breaker with movable main contact multi-force-level blasing element. (Convention No. 08/314 467; filed on 28/9/94; in U. S. A.).

886/Cal/95. Mednol Ltd. Articulated stent.

887/Cal/95. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation. Conformable insulation assembly. (Convention No. 08/290, 053; filed on 15-8-94; in U.S.A.).

888/Cal/95. Kimberly-Clark Corporation. Digital Information Recording media and method of using same.

889/Cal/95. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation. Method and apparatus for forming continuous glass fibers (Convention No. 08/291, 801; filed on 17-8-94; U. S. A.).

890/Cal/95. (1) P. K. Sen, (2) O. N. Mohanty, (3) M. K. Chowdhury, (4) R. Sharma. Alumino-thermic Reduction process for the production of chromium metal using top priming.

01-08-1995.

891/Cal/95. Kimberly-Clark Corporation. Novel Colorant and Colorant Modifiers.

892/Cal/95. Kimberly-Clark Corporation. Novel Pre-Dyes.

893/Cal/95. Tredegar Industries, Inc. Film.

894/Cal/95. Tredegar Industries, Inc. Screen for producing a perforated film.

02-8-1995

- 895/Cal/95 In'er-Ibex A. G. Domain Management system & Method. (Convention No. P-89429; on 19-7-95; in U.S.A.).
- 896/Cal/95 LA-Z-Boy Chair Company. Modular Reclining Chair and method. (Divided out of No. 338/Cal/92; antedated to 20-5-92).
- 897/Cal/95 The Timken Company. Compact Bearing and stiffened journal. (Convention No. 08-/292,939; on 18-8-94; in U.S.A.).
- 898/Cal/95 Phillips Petroleum Company. Catalyst Composition for olefin polymerizing. (Convention No. 08/307,201; on 16-9-94; in U.S.A.).
- 899/Cal/95 Instant Video Technologies, Inc. Broadcast video burst Transmission cyclic distribution apparatus and method.

03-8-1995

- 900/Cal/95 Bihari Lal Agarwal. Food Spoil meter.
- 901/Cal/95 Bihari Lal Agarwal. Book Protection system.
- 902/Cal/95 Daikin Industries, Ltd. Aqueous Flourine-Containing Polymer dispersion. (Convention No. 183444/1994; filed on 04-8-94; in Japan).
- 903/Cal/95 Sodick Co. Ltd. Power Supply system for an electric Discharge machine.
- 904/Cal/95 A. Menarini Industrie Farmaceutiche Riunite S.r.l. and Bristol-Myer Squibb S.p.A. 8-Fluoro-Anthracyclines. Processes for their preparation and Pharmaceutical Compositions containing them.

04-8-1995

- 905/Cal/95 Novamont S.p.A. Biodegradable foamed plastic materials.
- 906/Cal/95 Toshiba Tungaloy Co. Ltd. Plate-Crystalline Tungsten Carbide-Containing hard Alloy Composition for forming Plate-Crystalline Tungsten Carbide and process for preparing said hard alloy.
- 907/Cal/95 Saar-Gammiwerke GmbH. Sensor Fitting profile. (Convention No. P4427537.4; on 4-8-94; in German).
- 908/Cal/95 Peter Pelz. Rotary piston machine. (Convention No. P4428341.5; dated 10-8-94; in Germany).

04-8-1995

- 909/Cal/95 Thomson Consumer Electronics, Inc. Method of manufacturing a Luminescent screen for a crt. (Convention No. 08/297,740; on 30-8-1994; in U.S.A.).
- 910/Cal/95 Tredegar Industries Inc. Lamination of apertured three-Dimensional films to apertured or non-apertured three-dimensional and/or flat films, the process for making such Laminated films and articles produced therefrom. (Convention No. 08/286,475; on 05-8-94; in U.S.A.).

07-8-1995

- 911/Cal/95 Dr. Jagdish Narain Mishra. Add/Sub Mechanical probe to measure flow unsteadiness and reynolds stresses in highly unsteady flow fields.
- 912/Cal/95 Dr. Jagdish Narain Mishra, Mohammed Mustafa Siddiqui. M.S. (Mishra-Siddiqui) Mechanical Probe to measure angular and unsteady angle of attack in highly unsteady flow fields/wakes of lifting bodies.
- 913/Cal/95 Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft. Process for the preparation of Acetic Acid. (Convention Nos. P 4428566.3; 19520257.0; on 12-8-94 & 2-6-95; in Germany).

914/Cal/95 Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Ltd. Code Division Multiple access communication system. (Convention No. 6-193460; filed on 18-8-94; in Japan).

915/Cal/95 Electricite De France Service National. Process for the treatment of aqueous media containing radioactive metal ions, filter and absorbent component capable of being used in this process.

916/Cal/95 Hyal Pharmaceutical Corporation. Modulation of cellular activity. (Convention Nos. 2,131,130 & 2,145605; on 30-8-94 & 27-3-95; in Canada).

917/Cal/95 Hyal Pharmaceutical Corporation. Treatment of disease and conditions associated with Macrophage infiltration. (Convention No. 2,130,762; on 24-8-94; in Canada).

918/Cal/95 Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft. Process for preparing low Aliphatic Monocarboxylic Acids. (Convention Nos. P4428567.1 & 19520256.2; on 12-8-94 & 2-6-95; in Germany).

919/Cal/95 Thomson Tubes and displays, S.A. Inline Electron gun having improved expanded focus lens electrodes. (Convention No. 94 10313; on 26-8-94; in France).

920/Cal/95 American Home Products Corporation. Medrogestrone. Medrogestrone. (Convention No. 9422603.3; on 9-11-94; in Great Britain).

921/Cal/95 Lilly, S.A. Pharmaceutical Formulations of cefaclor. (Convention No. 9402530; on 13-12-94; in Spain).

Application for the Patent filed at Patent Office Branch, Municipal Market Building, IIIrd Floor, Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005.

8-5-95

834/Del/95 Dr. Arvind Aggarwal "New Delhi. "Global Health Expertise for Global Health Care".

835/Del/95 The Whitaker Corporation, U.S.A., "One-Piece conductive shell and method for making the same" (Convention date 20th July, 1944) U.S.A.

836/Del/95 Projectavision, Inc., "U.S.A. "Rear-Screen Video Display system with an exposed beam path". (Convention date 15th February, 1995) U.S.A.

837/Del/95 The Gillette Company, U.S.A., "Shaving System" (Convention date 17th May, 1994) U.S.A.

838/Del/95 Allied Tube & Conduit Corporation, U.S.A., "In-Line Coating of Steel Tubing" (Convention date 16th May, 1994 and 14th February, 1995) U.S.A.

839/Del/95 Glaverbel, "Belgium, Forming a Silver Coating on Vitreous Substrate" (Convention date 12th May, 1994) Belgium.

840/Del/95 The Procter & Gamble Company, U.S.A., "Oral Compositions" (Convention date 13th May, 1994) U.S.A.

841/Del/95 The Procter & Gamble Company, U.S.A., "Oral Compositions" (Convention date 13th May, 1994) U.S.A.

842/Del/95 The Procter & Gamble Company, U.S.A., "Detergent Compositions having suds suppressig properties" (Convention date 21st May, 1994) U.S.A.

9-05-95

843/Cal/95. Innovative Design Company Pvt. Ltd., Australia, "Container-Closure Arrangement" (Convention date 17th May, 1994) Australia.

844/Del/95 Motorola, Inc., U.S.A. "Multiple Subchannel Flexible Protocol Method and Apparatus".

845/Del/95 Motorola, Inc., U.S.A., "Method and Apparatus for encoding and decoding a digital radio signal".

846/Del/95 Pfizer Research and Development Company, Ireland "Antithrombotic Amidinophenylalanine and Amidinopyridylalanine Derivatives".

847/Del/95 SBL Limited, New Delhi, "Pimulex Composition and the process of preparing the same".

10-05-95

848/Del/95 The Procter & Gamble Company, U.S.A. "Di-Tert-Butylphenol Compounds useful as anti-inflammatory Agent" (Convention date 24th May, 1994 U.S.A.

849/Del/95 Samsung Electronics Company, Korea, "Cool-Air Duct for Refrigerators" (Convention date 2nd June, 1994 and 19th July, 1994, 20th July, 1994 and 10th December, 1994) Korea.

850/Del/95. Samsung Electronics Company, "Korea, "Refrigerator having an Air Circulation System" (Convention date 1st June 1994, and 2nd June, 1994, 20th July 1994 and 10th December, 1994)—Korea.

851/Del/95. Societe En Nom Collectif : Odin, "France, "Receptient for fluid with an Internal Pressure" (Convention date 11th May, 1994)—France.

852/Del/95. Kabushiki Kaisha Toshiba, "Japan," "Vacuum Interrupter and method for Manufacturing the same" (Convention date 12th May, 1994 and 6th April, 1995)—Japan.

853/Del/95. Praxair Technology, Inc., "U. S. A.," "Terephthalic acid production using Evaporative Cooling".

854/Del/95. Praxair Technology, inc., "U. S. A." "Enganced Oxidation of Organic Chemicals".

855/Del/95. Amoco Corporation, "U. S. A.," "A method for determining the reservoir properties of a solid Carbonaceous Substratum Formation".

856/Del/95. Motorola Inc., "U. S. A.," "Method for Recognizing Handwritten Input".

857/Del/95. Motorola, Inc., "U. S. A.," "Method of Stroke Segmentation for Handwritten Input".

858/Del/95. Exxon Chemical Patents, Inc., U. S. A., "Liquid Phthalic Anhydride Recovery Process using Multiple Flash Stages".

859/Del/95. Bell Communications Research, Inc., "U. S. A." "Crosslinked Hybrid Electrolyte Film and Methods of Making and using the same" (Convention date 13th May, 1994)—U.S.A.

860/Del/95. Bell Communications Research, Inc., "U. S. A.," "Rechargeable Lithium Battery Construction" (Convention date 11th May, 1994)—U. S. A.

861/Del/95. Exxon Chemical Patents, Inc., "U. S. A.," "Liquid Phthalic Anhydride Recovery Process using a Rectification Tower".

862/Del/95. Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited, "New Delhi", "A Gate Drive Fro Gate turn off Thyristor (GTO) in an Inverter Circuit".

12-05-95

863/Del/95. Komal Chandra Vasaniya S/o. Late Shri Dev Lal Vasaniya, "New Delhi", "Producing Electricity by separating the Electrical Charged Particles from Air".

864/Del/95. Jorge Martinez Sagrera, "Spain", "Barn and Procedure for Virginia type Tobacco Curing".

865/Del/95. The Procter & Gamble Company, "U. S. A.," "Shield against particle loss in absorbent products" (Convention date 13th May, 1994)—U.S.A.

866/Del/95. The Procter & Gamble Company, "U. S. A.," "Liquid Laundry Detergent Compositions Comprising specially selected soaps" (Convention date 27th May, 1994)—U.S.A.

867/Del/95. BP Chemicals Limited, "England", "Process for Polymerising Olefins in a Gaseous Phase" (Convention date 16th May, 1994)—England.

12-05-1995

868/Del/95. Parker Pen Products. "U.K.", "Dispaly Device (Convention date 12th May, 1994)—U. K.

869/Del/95. Zeneca Limited, "England". "Dyes for Leather". (Convention date 17th May, 1994)—U. K.

870/Del/95. Ciba-Geigy Ag, "Switzerland." "Selective Herbicidal Composition."

871/Del/95. Lonzing Aktiengesellschaft, "Austria." "Process Devices and use of Devices for the Measurement of the Extinction of Turbid Suspensions."

872/Del/95. Alliedsignal Inc., "U. S. A.," "Oxmino Silane Terminated Polymers and Elastomers Formed Therefrom." (Convention date 7th June, 1994) U. S. A.

873/Del/95. Motorola, Inc., "U. S. A." "Signal Level Indicator and Associated Method."

874/Del/95. Ciba-Geigy Ag., "Switzerland." "Process for the Preparation of 3-Aryluracils."

875/Del/95. Ajit Singh Gill, "U.S.A.," "Coupling for Attachment to the End of A Pipe for securement to the Pipe or for Joining Pipes Together." (Convention date 13th may 1994)—CANADA.

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS FILED AT THE PATENT OFFICE BRANCH, 61, WALLAJAH ROAD, MADRAS-600 002

19th June, 1995

736/MAS/95. Mangadu Ramachandran Joithi Kumar, Improvements in spark-ignition engines, particularly engines used in automotives, with diesel as fuel, instead of petrol.

737/MAS/95. D. Narayanaswamy, D. Natarajan, D. Radhakrishnan. Automised grain-cum-granule roaster.

738/MAS/95. Magtoro Private Limited. Planetary geared drum sprocket drive.

739/MAS/95. Institut Francais Du Petrole, Chromatographic simulated mobile bed separation process with dead volume correction using length reduction.

740/MAS/95. Kimberly-Clark Corporation. Method and apparatus for increasing the flow rate of a liquid through an orifice.

741/MAS/95. Mannesmann Aktiengesellschaft. Seal arrangement in a flue gas armature.

742/MAS/95. Tri-point medical, L.P. pH-modified Biocompatible Monomer and polymer Compositions.

743/MAS/95. Schlumberger Industries S.A. An transducer and a method of manufacturing such a transducer.

744/MAS/95. Schlumberger Industries S.A. A fluidic oscillator and a method of measuring a volume-related quantity of fluid through such a fluidic oscillator.

745/MAS/95. Schlumberger Industries S.A. An ultrasound device for measuring a volume-related quantity of a fluid.

20th June, 1995

746/MAS/95. M/s. Enkem Engineers Pvt. Ltd. Anoxygenic biosolar treatment system for treating sewage and industrial effluents.

747/MAS/95. ABB Flakt Aktiebolag. Cyclone.

- 748/MAS/95. Hoogovens Groep BV. Method and apparatus for production of iron from iron compounds.
- 749/MAS/95. Zeneca Limited. Solid microspheres for agriculturally active compounds and process for their production.
- 750/MAS/95. Peter Du Plessis. Structural sheeting.
- 751/MAS/95. Montell North America Inc. Linear low density polyethylene based composition with improved optics.
- 752/MAS/95. Mannesmann Aktiengesellschaft. Process for manufacturing a seamless hot-finished tube.
- 753/MAS/95. Dana Corporation. Piston oil control ring assembly with free floating tapered face rails.
- 754/MAS/95. Dana Corporation. Three layer metal gasket with dual coating.
- 755/MAS/95. Borealis Polymers OY. Procatalyst for ethylene polymer production and method for its preparation.

21st June, 1995

- 756/MAS/95. Dr. Reddy's Research Foundation. An improved process for the preparation of a hypocholesteremic agent useful for lowering blood plasma cholesterol levels.
- 757/MAS/95. ABB Management AG. Gate turn-off thyristor for high blocking voltages and small component thickness.
- 758/MAS/95. Norton Chemical Process Products Corporation. Non-welded support plate member.
- 759/MAS/95. Shell Internationale Research Maatschappij B.V. Apparatus for cooling hot gas.
- 760/MAS/95. Novo Nordisk Entotech Inc. A method for preparing a pesticidal composition.
- 761/MAS/95. Akzo Nobel N.V. Secondary accelerators for the sulfur-vulcanization of rubber.
- 762/MAS/95. BASF Aktiengesellschaft. Process and composition for soil improvement by reducing microbially formed ethylene in the soil.
- 763/MAS/95. Schneider Electric S.A. An auxiliary unit notably for indicating the state of circuit breakers.
- 764/MAS/95. Novo Nordisk Biotech, Inc. Thermophilic fungal expression system.
- 765/MAS/95. Novo Nordisk Biotech, Inc. Non-toxic, non-toxicogenic, non-pathogenic fusarium expression system and promoters and terminators for use therein.
- 766/MAS/95. Novo Nordisk A/S. Contact lens.
- 767/MAS/95. IP Rings Limited. Method of making permanently modified piston alloy.

22nd June, 1995

- 768/MAS/95. The Dow Chemical Company. Process for preparing a storage-stable mixture of polyisocyanate and phosphate.
- 769/MAS/95. Maschinenfabrik Rieter AG. Device for taking out single textile tubes from a container.
- 770/MAS/95. Jobst Ulrich Gellert. Injection molding heated nozzle with protective tubes. (August 2, 1994; Canada).

- 771/MAS/95. Axxia Technologies, Inc. Subcutaneous implant.
- 772/MAS/95. Ramasamy Chettiar Sennaiyan Chettiar Ponusamy Chettiar Thurai. An air pump.

23rd June, 1995

- 773/MAS/95. Elliot Kelman. Hair cutting apparatus.
- 774/MAS/95. Pentwyn Precision Ltd. Pneumatic yarn splicer. (June 23, 1994; Great Britain).
- 775/MAS/95. Haldor Topsoe A/S. Waste heat boiler.
- 776/MAS/95. Institut Francais Du Petrole. Chromatographic simulated mobile bed separation process with dead volume correction using an increase in flow rate.

ALTERATION OF DATE UNDER SECTION 16

- 175878 (53/Cal/93) antedated to 2nd March, 1989.
- 175879 (631/Cal/93) antedated to 14th December, 1989.
- 175880 (187/Cal/93) antedated to 18th July, 1989.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION ACCEPTED

Notice is hereby given that any person interested in opposing the grant of Patents on any of the Applications concerned, may, at any time within four months of the date of this issue or within such further period not exceeding one month applied for on Form-14 prescribed under the Patents Rules, 1972 before the expiry of the said period of four months, give notice to the Controller of Patents at the appropriate office on the prescribed Form-15, of such opposition. The written statement of opposition should be filed alongwith the said notice or within one month of its date as prescribed in Rule-36 of the Patents Rules, 1972.

The classifications given below in respect of each specification are according to Indian classification and International Classification.

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स्वीकृत सम्पूर्ण विनिर्देश

एतद्वारा यह सूचना दी जाती है कि सम्बद्ध आवेदनों में से किसी पर पेटेंट अनुदान का विरोध करने के इच्छुक कोई व्यक्ति, इसके निर्गम की तिथि से चार (4) महीने या अधिक ऐसी अवधि जो उक्त 4 महीने की अवधि की समाप्ति के पूर्व पेटेंट नियम, 1972 के तहत विहित प्रपत्र-14 पर आवेदित एक महीने की अवधि से अधिक न हो, के भीतर कभी भी नियंत्रक, एकत्र के उपर्युक्त कार्यालय में ऐसे विरोध की सूचना विहित प्रपत्र 15 पर दे सकते हैं। विरोध सम्बन्धी लिखित दस्तावेज, उक्त सूचना के साथ अथवा पेटेंट नियम, 1972 के नियम 36 में यथा विहित इसकी तिथि के एक महीने के भीतर ही फाइल किए जाने चाहिए।

“प्रत्येक विनिर्देश के संदर्भ में नीचे दिए वर्गीकरण, भारतीय वर्गीकरण तथा अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय वर्गीकरण के अनुरूप है।”

रूपांकन (चित्र आरेखों) की फोटो प्रतियां यदि कोई हों, के साथ विनिर्देशों की टंकित अथवा फोटो प्रतियों की आपूर्ति पेटेंट कार्यालय, कलकत्ता अथवा उपयुक्त शाखा कार्यालय द्वारा विहित लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार जिसे उक्त कार्यालय से पत्र-व्यवहार द्वारा सुनिश्चित करने के उपरान्त उसकी अदायगी पर की जा सकती है। विनिर्देश की पृष्ठ संख्या के साथ प्रत्येक स्वीकृत विनिर्देश के सामने नीचे वर्णित चित्र आरेख कागजों को जोड़कर उसे 2 से गुणा करके; (क्योंकि प्रत्येक पृष्ठ का लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार 2/- रु. है) फोटो लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार का परिकलन किया जा सकता है।

Cl. 65 A4

175871.

Int. Cl. : H 02 M 5/00.

“A FREQUENCY CHANGER”.

Applicant : HITACHI LTD. OF 6, KANDA SURUGADAI 4-CHOME, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN.

Inventors : (1) KIYOSHI NAKATA,
(2) TOKUNOSUKE TANAMACHI,
(3) KIYOSHI NAKAMURA,
(4) AKIRA KIMURA,
(5) YOSHIO TSUTSUI.

Application No. 615/Cal/89; filed on 31st July, 1989.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims.

A frequency changer including a converter (4) for converting AC to DC and an inverter (8) for converting an output of said converter to AC having a variable voltage and a variable frequency, said frequency changer comprising :—

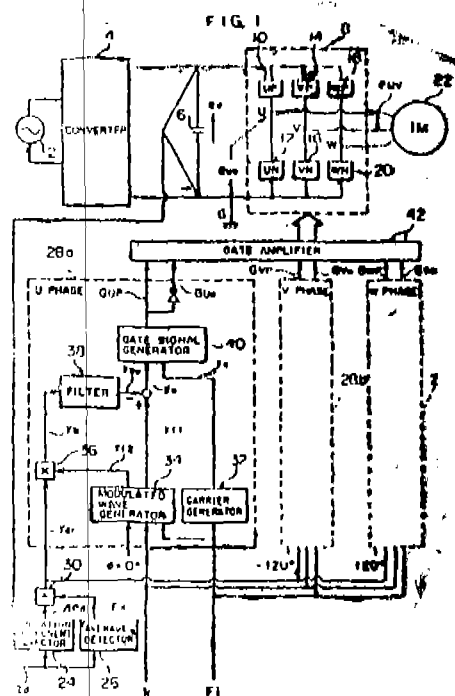
carrier generation means (32) for generating a carrier (yc) having a frequency equivalent to integer times that of an output frequency command (F1) of said inverter (8);

first modulated wave generation means (34) for generating a modulated wave (yf1, y2) based upon said frequency command (F1) and an output voltage command (k) of said inverter (8);

means (36, 38) for generating, on the basis of said modulated wave (yf2) and degree (ydr) of pulsation of DC resulting from conversion in said converter (4), a second modulated wave (yu) containing a component (ybu) having a frequency equivalent to the difference between the frequency of the pulsation and an output frequency of said inverter (8); and,

pulse width modulation means (40) for generating, on the basis of the output (yc) of said carrier generation means

(32) and said second modulated wave (yu), a train of pulses (Gup to Gwn) for driving said inverter (8).



(Compl. specn. 25 pages.

Drgns. 6 sheets)

Cl. 186 E.

175872.

Int. Cl. 4 H 04 N 9/64.

“VIDEO SIGNAL PROCESSING APPARATUS”.

Applicant : THOMSON CONSUMER ELECTRONICS, INC. OF 600 NORTH SHERMAN DRIVE, INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46201, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor : WILLIAM ADAMSON LAGONI.

Application No. 588/Cal/1990; filed on 12th July, 1990.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

19 Claims

Video signal processing apparatus comprising :

input means (1) for providing an input video signal (YIN) ;

output means (12) for utilizing an output video signal (YOUT)

first (5) and second (9) amplitude control means coupled in cascade in the order named between said input means (1) and said output means (12) for controlling the amplitude of said input video signal to produce said output video signal; said first and second amplitude control means having respective first and second gain characteristics controllable in response to respective first and second gain control signals,

said first gain characteristic comprising a non-linear gain function having a relatively high gain region followed by a relatively low gain region;

said second gain characteristics being a relatively linear gain function compared to said non-linear gain function of said first gain characteristics;

said first gain control signal being generated by a first gain control generating means (35, 37) in response to a first amplitude parameter of said output video signal; and

said second gain control signal being generated by a second gain control generating means (29, 31, 33) in response to a second amplitude parameter of said output video signal (Yout).

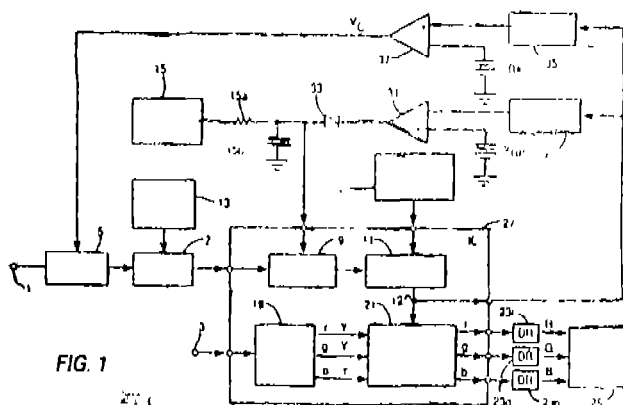


FIG. 1

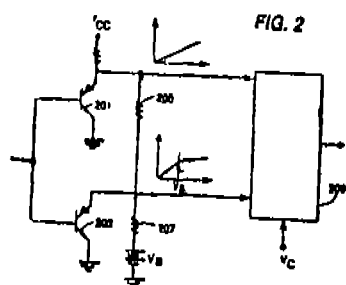


FIG. 2

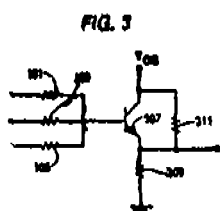


FIG. 3

(Compl. specn. 20 pages.)

Drgns. 3 sheets)

Cl. 69 A.

175873.

Int. Cl.⁴ : H 01 H 73/00.

"CIRCUIT BREAKER WITH ADJUSTABLE MAGNETIC TRIP".

Applicant : WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION, OF WESTINGHOUSE BUILDING, GATEWAY CENTER, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 15222, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors : (1) JOHN JOSEPH SHEA,
(2) RICHARD PAUL SABOL,
(3) LOUIS PAICH,
(4) RONALD ANDREW CHESKI,
(5) KENNETH WAYNE SANNER,
(6) WILLIAM ELLSWORTH BEATTY, JR.

Application No. 804/Cal/1990 filed on 17th September, 1990.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceeding (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

7 Claims

A circuit breaker with adjustable magnetic trip for responding to abnormal currents in a conductor in an electrical system, comprising electrical contacts operable between a closed position in which a circuit is completed through the conductor and an open position in which the circuit through the conductor is interrupted; a latchable operating mechanism operable to open said electrical contacts when unlatched; a magnetic trip assembly comprising a stationary magnetic structure in which a magnetic flux is produced by current in said conductor passing through said electrical contacts; a moveable armature which is attracted to the stationary magnetic structure by said magnetic flux produced by an abnormal current of a selected value through said electrical contacts to unlatch said latchable operating mechanism and open said electrical

contacts, a spring applying a spring biasing force to said armature to bias said armature away from said stationary magnetic structure to form a gap therewith, said spring comprising a torsion spring having a first torsion arm which bears against and applies said biasing force to said armature and a second torsion arm having a first portion and a second terminal portion; extending at an angle to the first terminal portion; a spring adjusting device moveable over a range of travel adjusting said biasing force to modify the selected value of abnormal current at which said armature is attracted to the fixed magnetic structure to unlatch the latchable operating mechanism, characterized in that said spring adjusting device provides a first relationship between movement of the spring adjusting device and change in said biasing force over a first portion of said range of travel of said spring adjusting device and providing a second relationship between movement of the spring adjusting device and change in said biasing force over a second portion of the range of travel of said spring adjusting device, said spring adjusting device comprising a pivot member and a mounting device mounting said pivot member for reciprocal movement over said range of travel, said torsion arm engaging and sliding along said pivot member as said pivot member reciprocates with the first portion of said second torsion arm engaging and sliding along said pivot member for the first portion of said range of travel of the spring adjusting device and with said second terminal portion of said second torsion arm engaging and sliding along said pivot member for the second portion of said range of travel of said spring adjusting device and a gap adjusting device provided for adjusting the gap between a minimum spacing and a maximum spacing between said moveable armature and said fixed magnetic structure to also modify the selected level of abnormal current at which said moveable armature is attracted to the fixed magnetic structure to unlatch the latchable operating mechanism.

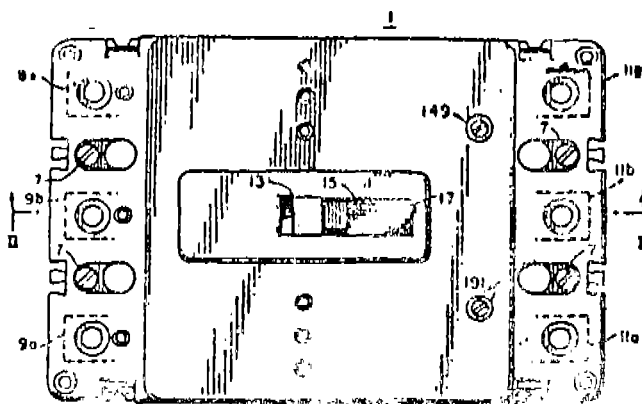


FIG. 4

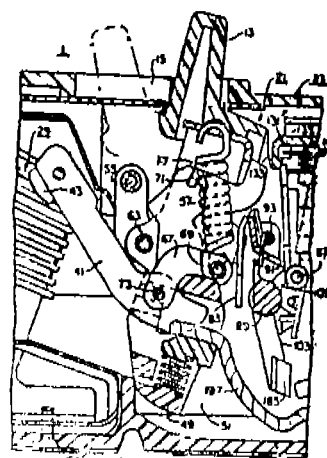


FIG. 5

(Complete Specification 23 pages)

Drgns. 7 sheets)

Cl: 35 E

175874

Int. Cl.: C 04B 35/00, 35/58, 35/60, 35/65,
35/71, 35/74, 35/76, 35/84.

METHOD OF MAKING ARMOR MATERIAL, SUITABLE FOR USE IN ARMORING VEHICLE.

Applicant: LANNIDE TECHNOLOGY COMPANY L.P.
OF 1300 MARROW3 ROAD NEWARK, DELAWARE,
19713-6077, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: 1. MARC STEVENS NEWKIRK, (2) ANDREW WILLARD URQUHART.

Application No. 876/Cal/1990; filed on 15th October, 1990.

Appropriate office for opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

21 Claims

A method of making an armor material, suitable for use in armoring vehicle, such as herein described, comprising;

forming in the manner, such as herein described, at least one metal matrix composite body, by infiltration of at least one matrix metal, such as herein described, into at least one filler material, such as herein described, selected from the group consisting of particles, flakes, platelets, microspheres and fibers, such that in the metal matrix composite body, so formed, said filler is substantially uniformly dispersed in said matrix metal, said at least one filler material being present in an amount of at least about 40 percent by volume.

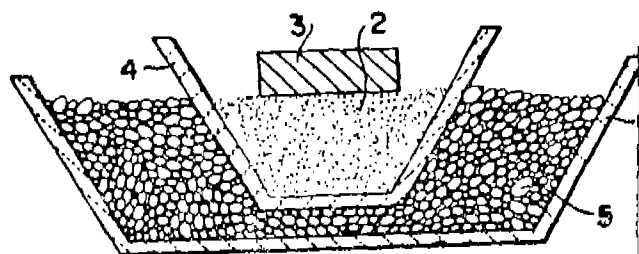


Fig. 1

(Compl. Specn. 94 pages.

Drgns. 2 sheets.)

Cl.: 206-E

175875

Int. Cl.: G 11 B 23/02

A STORAGE SYSTEM FOR REVERSIBLY STORING DIGITAL DATA ON A MULTITRACK MEDIUM.

Applicant: N. V. PHILIPS GLOEILAMPENFABRIEK, OF GROENEFWUODSEWEG 1, EINDHOVEN, THE NETHERLANDS.

Inventor: GERARDUS CORNELIS PETRUS LOKHOFF.

Application No. 31/Cal/1991; filed on 9th January, 1991.

Appropriate office for opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

22 Claims

A storage system for reversibly storing digital data on a multitrack medium, with a first plurality of parallel storage tracks (0-7), said system having a separate head for each respective track, and having a buffer memory with input means (34) fed by each said head for intermediate storage of the data, coding means bidirectionally connected to the buffer memory for coding an error protective code incorporated in said stored data, and output means (38) fed by said buffer memory for outputting said data after coding, characterized in that said coding means comprise a C1-code coder (42) having a separate first state for, in each separate first state, accessing a separate single segment, and within

each first state a separate second state for, in each such second state, coding a C1-code word contained in the associated single track, and a C2-code coder (46) having a uniform state for, in that state, coding one C2-code word uniformly disposed over all said tracks and all segments of a frame, and contained in a product of C1-code and C2-code, said input means (34) have counting means for recurrently producing address cycles for accessing said buffer memory (36) and said buffer memory has a plurality of at least two memory segments more than there are medium segments in a medium frame, all of which memory segments interface to said C1-code and C2-code coders (42, 46) and each accommodate the data of one medium segment.

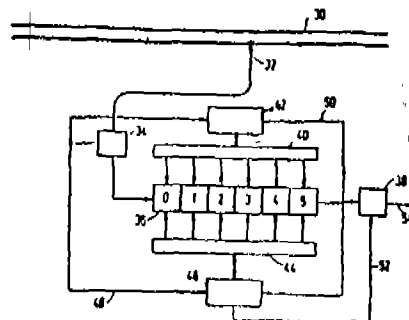


FIG. 2

(Compl. Specn. 22 pages.

Drgns. 4 sheets)

Cl.: 157 D5

175876

Int. Cl.: E 01 B 27/10

CLEANING MACHINE FOR BALLAST BEDDING OF A RAILWAY TRACK.

Applicant: FRANZ PLASSER BAHNBAUMASCHINEN INDUSTRIEGESELLSCHAFT M.B.H., OF A-1010 VIENNA, JOHANNESGASSE 3, AUSTRIA.

Inventors (1) ENG. JOSEF THEURER, (2) ENG. HERBERT WORGOTTER.

Application No. 54/Cal/92 filed on 28th January, 1992.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims

A cleaning machine for continuously taking up and cleaning the ballast bedding of a railway track comprising a machine frame (5) mounted on on-track undercarriages (2) and comprising a stripping chain (14) for taking up ballast and a sieve unit (35, 36) for cleaning ballast,

conveyor belts (31, 32, 33, 37) for transporting ballast and waste spoil and

a track lifting unit (19, 47, 48) for lifting the track which is designed for vertical and lateral displacement under the power of drives (20, 50) and is arranged between a transverse flight (17) of the stripping chain (14) extending beneath the track and transversely of the longitudinal axis of the machine and the following on track undercarriage (2) in the working direction characterized in that a vibrator (21, 49) for generating horizontal vibrations transversely of the longitudinal axis of the machine is associated with the track lifting unit (19; 47, 48) and the machine being further provided with reference system (38), vibrator (21), chule (24) and tamping units (40).



(Compl. Specn. 17 pages.

Drgns. 1 sheet)

Cl : 32 F_{2b} + 55 D₂

175877

Int. Cl⁴ : C 07 D 401/12

A METHOD FOR PREPARING PYRIDINE DERIVATIVE HAVING HERBICIDAL ACTIVITIES.

Applicant : (1) KUMIAI CHEMICAL INDUSTRY CO. LTD., OF 4-26, 1 KENOHATA 1-CHOME, TAITOH-KU, TOKYO, JAPAN.

(2) IHARA CHEMICAL INDUSTRY CO. LTD., OF 4-26, 1 KENOHATA 1-CHOME, TAITOH-KU, TOKYO JAPAN.

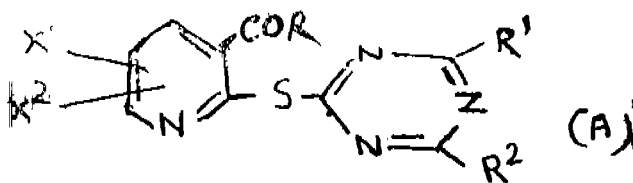
Inventors (1) MASAHIRO MIYAZAKI, (2) MASAFUMI MATSUZAWA, (3) KEIJI TORIYABE, (4) MICHIO HIRATA.

Application No. 401/Cal/92 filed on 4th June, 1992.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule, 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

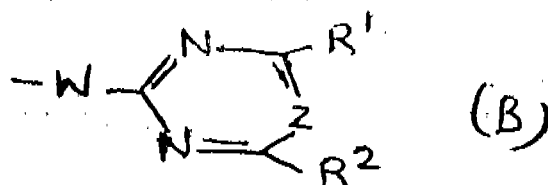
5 claims

A method for preparing a pyridine derivative having the general formula (A)



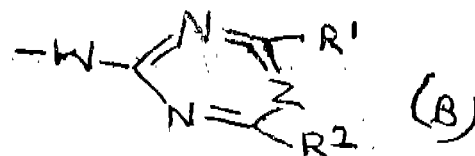
wherein R is a Hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a C₁-C₁₂ alkoxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a C₁-C₈ acyloxy C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a benzoyloxy group which may be substituted, a trimethylsilylthoxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonylamino group, a C₁-C₆ alkylthio group, a phenoxy group which may be substituted, a phenylthio group which may be substituted or an imidazolyl group, R¹ and R² may be the same or different, and are each a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a halo C₁-C₆ alkoxy group or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group; Z is a methine group or a nitrogen atom;

X¹ is a C₁-C₈ acylamino group, a cyclo C₃-C₈ alkyl group, a halo C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a C₂-C₈ alkenyloxy group, a C₃-C₈ alkylnyloxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy carbonyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a phenyl group, a substituted phenyl group, a benzyl group which may be substituted, a benzoyloxy group which may be substituted, a benzylthio group which may be substituted, a phenoxy group, which may be substituted, a phenylthio group which may be substituted, a C₁-C₆ alkoxyimino C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₈ acyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkylthio group, a C₆-C₁₀ arylamino group which may be substituted, a carboxyl group, a benzoylamino group, or a group having the formula (B)

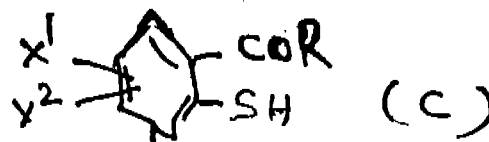


(wherein R¹, R², and Z are as defined above; and W is an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, a NH group or a group of the formula, >NC(O) B (where in B is a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group):

X² is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a halo C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a cyclo C₃-C₈ alkyl group, a halo C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a C₂-C₈ alkenyloxy group, a C₃-C₈ alkylnyloxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy carbonyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a C₁-C₈ acylamino group, a phenyl group, a substituted, Phenyl group, a benzyl group which may be substituted, a benzoyloxy group which may be substituted, a benzylthio group which may be substituted, a phenoxy group which may be substituted, a phenylthio group which may be substituted, a C₁-C₆ alkoxyimino C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₈ acyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkylthio group, a C₆-C₁₀ arylamino group which may be substituted, a carboxyl group, a benzoylamino group, or a group having the formula (B)

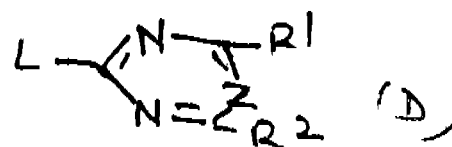


(wherein R¹, R², W and Z are as defined above) which comprises reacting a compound of the general formula C



where R, X¹ and X² are as defined before

WITH A COMPOUND OF FORMULA (D)



where R¹, R² and Z are as defined before and

L is a Halogen atom or a C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyl group, a benzyl sulfonyl group which may be sub-

stituted, a C_1-C_6 alkylsulfonate group, a halo C_1-C_6 alkylsulfonate group or a benzyl sulfonate group which may be substituted in the presence of at least equivalent amount of a base as herein defined in the appropriate solvent as herein defined at a temperature ranging from room temperature to the boiling point of the solvent, optionally converting said pyridine derivative by a known method into its salts such as alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and transition metals or organic or inorganic ammonium salts.

Compl. Specn. 87 pages

Drgns. Nil

Cl. : 63 B

175878

Int. Cl. : H02K 9/04, 9/18.

"VENTILATED ELECTRIC MOTOR ASSEMBLY".

Applicant : EMERSON ELECTRIC CO., OF 8100 W. FLORISSANT, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63136, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors : (1) GERALD NEWTON BAKER,
(2) BARRY MONROE NEWBERG.

Application No. 53/Cal/93 filed on 1st February, 1993.

(Divided out of No. 179/Cal/89 antedated to 2-3-89).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

8 Claims.

A ventilated electric motor having a stator assembly and a rotor assembly, the rotor assembly including a rotatable shaft, ventilation means for removing heated air from inside the motor to the external motor environment, and at least one endshield attached to the motor, said endshield having an end wall and a side wall each of which has at least one aid venting aperture therein for heated air inside the motor to be driven by the ventilation means through the venting apertures to the external environment, wherein said ventilation means comprises :

a fan including collar means fitting over the shaft, a first set of blades extending radially outward from the collar means and a second set of blades,

the blades of said second set of blades also extending radially outwardly from said collar means, the blades of the first set alternating with the blades of the second said set and paddle means comprising blades attached to each of the first said of blade and extending radially outward from said collar means therewith.

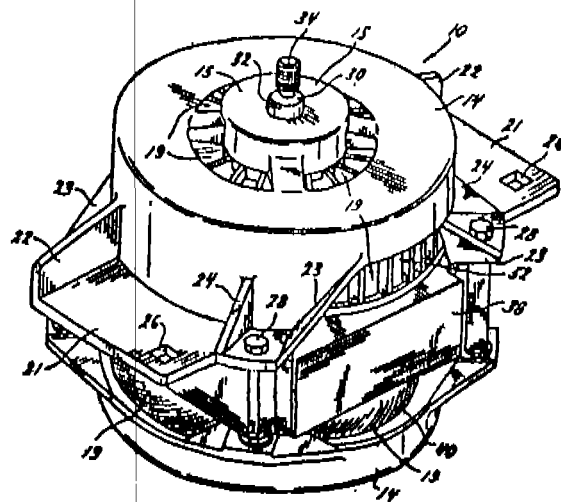


FIG. 1.

Compl. specn. 17 pages.

Drgns. 3 sheets.

Cl. 32 E

175879

Int. Cl. : C 08 L 23/00, 2/18, 31/00.

"A METHOD FOR PRODUCING CRUDE OIL HAVING IMPROVED FLUIDITY".

Applicant : HOECHST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, OF D-6230 FRANKFURT AM MAIN 80, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

Inventors : (1) HARBERT WIRTZ, (2) SIGMAR PETER VON HALASZ, (3) MICHAEL FEUSTEL, (4) JULIANE BALZER.

Application No. 631/Cal/93 filed on 19th October, 1993.

(Divided out of No 1036/Cal/89 filed on 14-12-89).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceeding (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

3 claims

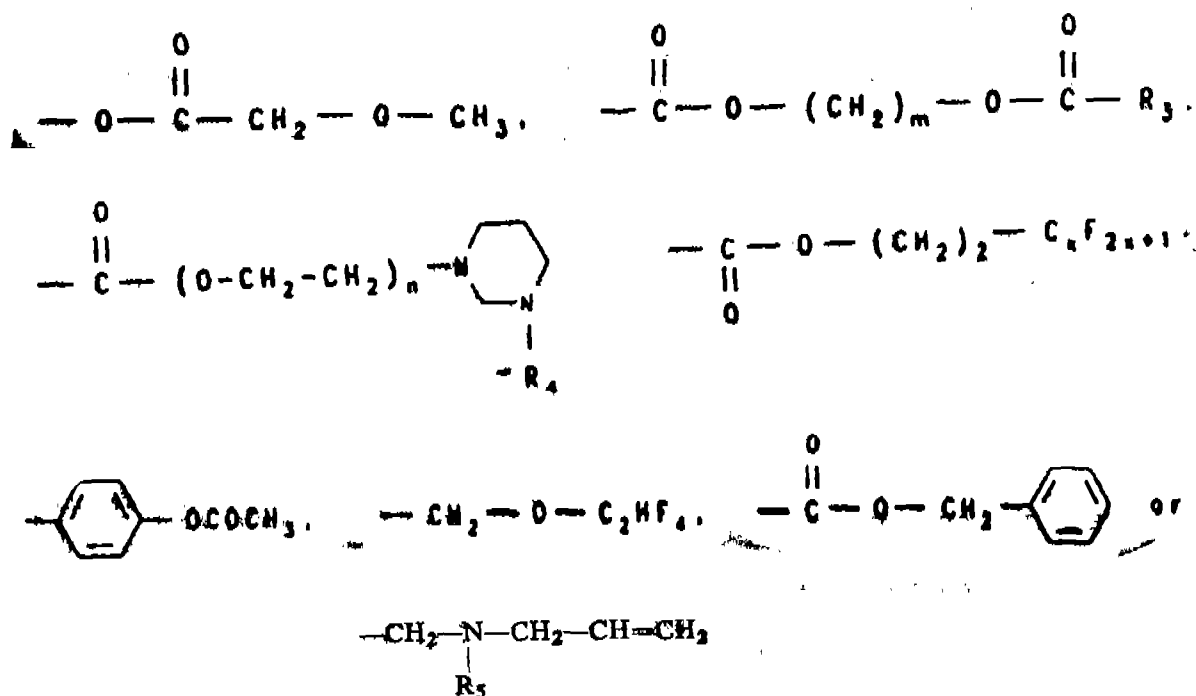
A method for producing crude oil having improved fluidity by adding to the crude oil $C_{14}-C_{22}$ -alkylpoly (meth) acrylates and copolymers composed of 50 to 99.9% by weight of a $C_{41}-C_{22}$ -alky (meth) acrylate

and

50 to 0.1% by weight of a monomer of the formula 1



in which R^1 is hydrogen or methyl,
 a group of the formulae



R_3 is C_1 - C_{80} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{80} -alkenyl, C_5 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl which can each be substituted by alkyl groups, or is aralkyl, alkaryl or the radical of a dimeric fatty acid, of malic acid, of succinic acid or of a C_6 - C_{22} -alkenylsuccinic acid,

R_4 is C_1 - C_{80} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{80} -alkenyl, C_5 -or C_6 -cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl which can each be sub-

stituted by alkyl groups, or is aryl, aralkyl or alkaryl.

R_5 is C_6 - C_{20} -alkyl

m is 2 or 3,

n is number from 1 to 30 and

x is a number from 2 to 20.

Compl. Specn. 18 pages

Drgns. 2 sheet.

Cl : 126-D

175880

Int. Cl. : H 01 J 47/02; G 01 T 1/14, 1/185.

"DOSIMETER FOR IONIZING RADIATION".

Applicant : B. V. OPTISCHE INDUSTRIE "DE OUDE DELFT", OF VAN MIEREVELTLAAN 9, 2612 XE DELFT, THE NETHERLANDS.

Inventor : HUGO VLASBLOEM.

Application No. 187/Cal/93 filed on 2nd April, 1993, (Divided out of 573/Cal/89 antedated to 18-7-89).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patent Rule 1972) Patent Office, Calcutta.

3 Claims.

Dosimeter for ionizing radiation, suitable in particular for two-dimensional dose measurement, said dosimeter comprising

a flat box-shaped, gas-filled, gastight housing which enclosed a measuring chamber and has at least two opposite walls which are transparent to the radiation to be measured, and electrode systems lying opposite each other and between which an electric field prevails when in operation, at least one of the electrode systems being disposed on one of the opposite walls, characterised in that the pressure compensation element is at least partially formed by the measuring chamber itself, through the fact that the two opposite walls (31, 41) are connected in a gastight manner to each other via peripheral walls (32) made of soft material e.g. soft bellows-type element which together with the opposite walls (31, 41) enclose the measuring chamber (51).

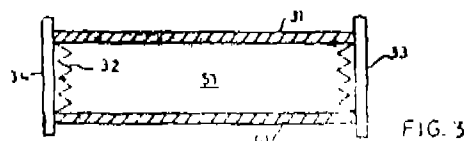


FIG. 3

Compl. specn. 10 pages.

Drgns. 1 sheet

OPPOSITION PROCEEDING UNDER SECTION-25(1)

An opposition has been entered by M/s. National Research Development Corporation of India, New Delhi-110048 to the grant of Patent on Patent application No 174133 (202/Bom/1991) made by Dr. Dhani Ram Baruah, Bombay-400 096.

An opposition has been entered by M/s. Lohia Starlinger Limited to the grant of patent on Application No. 173882 made by Bipin Vadilal Mehta.

RENEWAL FEES PAID

156557 156659 157483 157644 157720 159123 159460 159673
159957 160326 160334 160842 160911 160990 161211 161212
162089 162348 162358 163415 163484 163710 164320 164361
164532 164912 165515 165709 165770 165856 165898 165993
166412 167155 167623 168613 168707 168752 168872 169594
169600 170381 170452 170454 170456 170726 170772 170798
171304 171550 171704 172172 172180 172543 172594 172611
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CESSATION OF PATENTS

160635 160611 160667 160682 160691 160714 160720 160725
160730 160734 160752 160764 160822 160861 160862 160895
160926 160930 160945 160970 160980 160986 161019 161025
161030 161105 161106 161109 161156 161157 161167 161170
161179 161181 161184.

PATENT SEALED ON 15-09-95.

174518 174766 *D/F 174777 174779* 174782 174811*
174813* 174831 174832* 174833* 174834* 174836 174838
174840 174841* 174842 174844 174845* 174847 174848*
174849 174850 174852 174853 174855 174856 174857 174859
174860.

CAL-07, DEL-21, BOM-01, MAS-NIL

*Patent Shall be deemed to be endorsed with the words LICENCE OF RIGHT under Section 87 of the Patents Acts, 1970 from the date of expiration of three years from the date of sealing.

D-DRUG PATENT, F-FOOD PATENT.

REGISTRATION OF DESIGNS

The following designs have been registered. They are not open to inspection for Period of two years from the date of

registration except as provided for in Section 50 of the Designs Act, 1911.

The date shown in the each entries is the date of the registration included in the entries.

Class 1. No. 167632 & 167634, Perfect Stainless Products Madan Mohan Silk Mill compound, Soanawala Cross Road No. 2, Goregaon (E), Bombay 63, Maharashtra, India, a proprietary firm, "SPOON", 15th June 1994.

Class 1. No. 168309 & 168310, Castrol India Limited, White House, 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay-6, Maharashtra, India, "CONTAINER" 27th October 1994.

Class 1. No. 168665, Castrol India Limited, White House, 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay-6, Maharashtra, India, "CAP", 25th January 1995.

Class 1. No. 168667 & 168668, Castrol India Limited, White House, 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay-6, Maharashtra, India, "CONTAINER", 25th January 1995.

Class 3. No. 168669 & 168670, Castrol India Limited, White House 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay-6, Maharashtra, India, "CONTAINER", 25th January 1995.

Class 3. No. 168666, Castrol India Limited, White House, 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay-6, Maharashtra, India, "CAP", 25th January 1995.

Class 3 No. 168796 to 168798, Kabushiki Kaisha Toshiba, a Japanese Corporation of 72, Horikawa-cho, Saiwai-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Japan, "A WASHING MACHINE", 8th February 1995.

Class 3. No. 168914 & 168915, Total, a societe anonyme organised under the laws of France, of Tour Total 24 Cours Michelet, 92800 Puteaux, France, "CONTAINER", 10th March 1995.

Class 3. No. 168192 & 168193, Govind Rubber Limited, having their principal place of business at 422, Creative Industrial Estate, N. M. Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Bombay 11, Maharashtra, India, "TYRES For BICYCLES" 5th October '94.

Class 4. No. 168964 & 168965, Shaw Wallace & Co. Ltd., having its office at Udyog Bhawan, 2nd floor, 29 Walchand Hirachand Marg, Balard Estate, Bombay-38, Maharashtra, India, "BOTTLE", 28th March 1995.

R. A. ACHARYA

Controller General of Patent Design & Trade Marks

प्रकाशक. भारत सरकार मद्रासालय, फरीदाबाद द्वारा प्रकाशित
एवं प्रकाशन नियंत्रक, दिल्ली द्वारा प्रकाशित, 1995

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